



# From single particle to correlation-dominated criticality in a level-crossing transition

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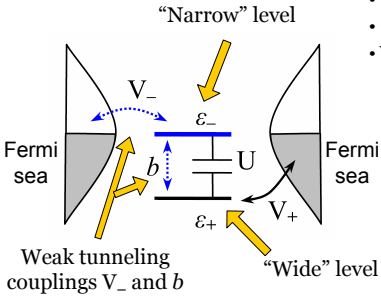
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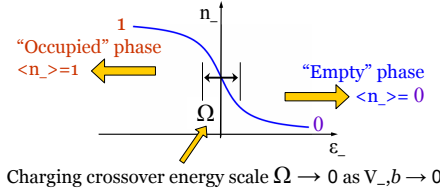
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## 1 Model



- Single spinless level (“-”)
- Tunneling directly to “-” band
- Tunneling via “+” level to another (“+”) band
- Capacitive interaction  $U n_+ n_-$
- Wide-band limit and zero temperature

Study the narrow level limit  $V_-, b \rightarrow 0$



Charging crossover energy scale  $\Omega \rightarrow 0$  as  $V_-, b \rightarrow 0$

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{\sigma=\pm} \epsilon_{\sigma} d_{\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{\sigma} + \frac{b}{2} (d_{+}^{\dagger} d_{-} + d_{-}^{\dagger} d_{+}) + \sum_{k,\sigma} \epsilon_k c_{k\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{k\sigma} + \sum_{k,\sigma} V_{\sigma} (c_{k\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{\sigma} + \text{H.c.}) + U n_{+} n_{-}$$

## 2 Criticality

- Non-interacting case is trivial

$$\Omega = \Gamma_{-} \equiv \pi \rho |V_{-}|^2$$

➤ Claim:

$$\Omega \propto \Gamma_{-}^{\alpha}$$

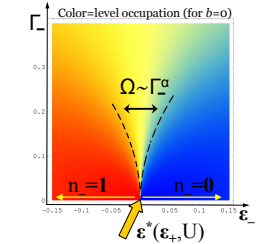
$$\Omega \propto b^{2\beta}$$

(for  $b=0$  and  $V_{-}=0$  respectively)

- Single-parameter scaling:

$$\Omega(\Gamma_{-}, b) = A \Gamma_{-}^{\alpha} \mathfrak{F}\left(\frac{B b^{2\beta}}{A \Gamma_{-}^{\alpha}}\right)$$

$$\mathfrak{F}(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \ll 1 \\ x, & x \gg 1 \end{cases}$$

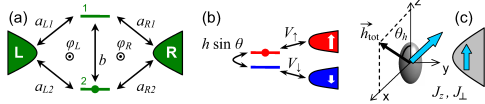


- “Quantum critical” point:

- A gapless degree of freedom decouples from the rest
- Degenerate ground state
- Singularity of the Green function at the Fermi surface
- Formally – not a Fermi liquid

## 4 Motivation & context

- Can think of “-” and “+” as isospin-1/2 projections
- In the isospin language the model is equivalent to a single spinful Anderson level with two generalizations:
  - Different densities of spinup (“+”) and spindown (“-”) electrons  $\Leftrightarrow$  **ferromagnetic leads**
  - Local Zeeman field in (z,x) plane = (e+e-, b)  $\Leftrightarrow$  **spin index is not conserved for b ≠ 0**
- Any general (2 levels) x (2 leads) system **maps exactly onto this model [1]**



- Such few-level models with interaction has been studied intensively in the context of population inversion and phase-lapses [2,3]
- It is our “critical manifold”  $V_{-} = b = 0$  where the population inversion is expected [1] to be sharp [2]
- The model is directly related to
  - charge sensing
  - X-ray edge singularity
  - non-Gaussian noise

## 5 More

- For large U, the vicinity of the charge inversion point maps [1] onto an anisotropic Kondo model
- Standard “poor man’s” scaling equations [5] contain a critical line of unstable fixed points
- Characteristic energy scale is the Kondo temperature:

$$\Omega \propto T_K \propto \exp\left[\frac{\pi\epsilon(U+\epsilon)}{2U(\Gamma_{+}-\Gamma_{-})} \ln\frac{\Gamma_{+}}{\Gamma_{-}}\right] \Gamma_{-}^{\alpha} \propto \Gamma_{-}^{\alpha} \Gamma_{+}^{\alpha} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi U}{8\Gamma_{+}}$$

Correct asymptotics for NRG and X-ray results

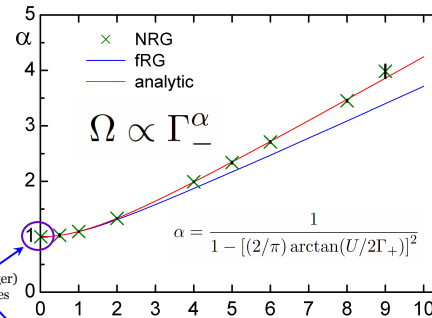
- We focused on  $\epsilon_{-} = -U/2$  case, but a general expression for the critical value of  $\epsilon_{-}$  as a function of (U,  $\epsilon_{+}$ ) is

$$\epsilon_{-}^{*} \equiv -U/2 + \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ (U + \epsilon_{+}) \arctan\frac{U + \epsilon_{+}}{\Gamma_{+}} - \epsilon_{+} \arctan\frac{\epsilon_{+}}{\Gamma_{+}} + \frac{\Gamma_{+}}{2} \ln\frac{\epsilon_{+}^2 + \Gamma_{+}^2}{(U + \epsilon_{+})^2 + \Gamma_{+}^2} \right]$$

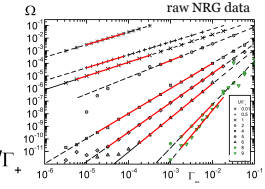
## References

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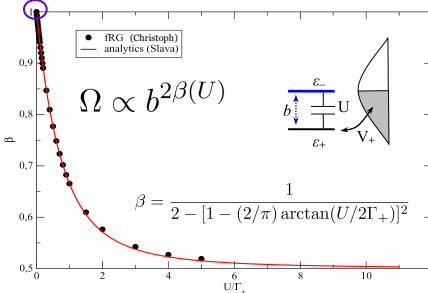
## 3 Main results



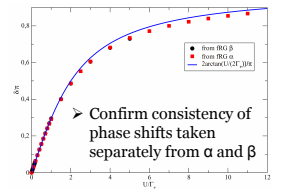
- Mapping to X-ray singularity problem [4] gives  $\alpha, \beta$  in terms of phase shifts for “+” electrons
- Numerical Renormalization Group diagonalizations confirm  $\alpha(U)$  to better than 1% accuracy



Trivial (integer) critical indices



- Functional Renormalization Group offers a good approximation [2]
- Deviations at large U are expected (wrong prefactor in the exponent of Kondo scale)



- Single parameter scaling confirmed by fRG

